PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

(Chapter II of the Patent Cooperation Treaty)

REC'D 17 NOV 2005

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

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Applicant's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER A	FURTHER ACTION See Form PCT/IPEA/416						
International application No.	International filing date	(day/month/year)	Priority date (day/month/year) 01.09.2003					
PCT/CZ2004/000049	23.08.2004		01.09.2003					
International Patent Classification (IPC) or	national classification and I	PC						
C07C29/62, C07C31/36								
Applicant			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
SPOLEK PRO CHEMICKOU A HUNTI VYROBU, AKCIOVA								
 This report is the international preliminary examination report, established by this International Preliminary Examining Authority under Article 35 and transmitted to the applicant according to Article 36. 								
2. This REPORT consists of a total	2. This REPORT consists of a total of 7 sheets, including this cover sheet.							
3. This report is also accompanied								
a. 🛭 sent to the applicant and								
and/or sheets contain	sheets of the description, claims and/or drawings which have been amended and are the basis of this report and/or sheets containing rectifications authorized by this Authority (see Rule 70.16 and Section 607 of the Administrative Instructions).							
Sheets which supersede earlier sheets, but which this Authority considers contain an amendment that goes beyond the disclosure in the international application as filed, as indicated in item 4 of Box No. I and the Supplemental Box.								
h ☐ (sent to the International I	B <i>ureau only)</i> a total of (i	ndicate type and number	of electronic carrier(s)) , containing a					
sequence listing and/or tables related thereto, in computer readable form only, as Indicated in the Supplemental Box Relating to Sequence Listing (see Section 802 of the Administrative Instructions).								
Box Relating to Sequence	ELISTING (SEE OCCION OC	z or are manufication						
4. This report contains indications r	4. This report contains indications relating to the following items:							
☑ Box No. I Basis of the op	☑ Box No. I Basis of the opinion							
☐ Box No. II Priority								
	=	ard to novelty, inventive s	step and industrial applicability					
Box No. IV Lack of unity of								
	Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement							
Box No. VI Certain document			·					
☐ Box No. VII Certain defects	in the international app	lication						
☑ Box No. VIII Certain observe	⊠ Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application							
Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion of this	s report					
27.06.2005		16.11.2005						
Name and mailing address of the international		Authorized Officer	Pata.					
Name and mailing authority: ———— European Patent Office								
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/CZ2004/000049

_	Box No. I	Basis of the repor	t					
 With regard to the language, this report is based on the international ap filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. 						the langu	age in v	which it wa
	☐ This re which	eport is based on trar is the language of a	nslations from the origi translation furnished fo	nal language into the transfer the purposes of:	ne followin	g languag	je ,	
	☐ pul	blication of the interna	der Rules 12.3 and 23 ational application (und examination (under F	der Rule 12.4)	5.3)	٠.	·.	
 With regard to the elements* of the international application, this report is based on (replacement have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referr report as "originally filed" and are not annexed to this report): 								neets which to in this
	Description	n, Pages						
	1-8		as originally filed					
	Claims, Nu	mbers						
	1-16		filed with telefax on 27	.06.2005				
	□ a sequ	uence listing and/or a	ny related table(s) - se	e Supplemental Bo	x Relating	to Seque	nce List	ting :
3.	☐ The ar	mendments have res	ulted in the cancellatio	n of:	. ,		•	
		description, pages claims, Nos.					:	•
		drawings, sheets/figs	3				*:	
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		description, pages						
		claims, Nos. 12-16 drawings, sheets/figs	•		•		•.	
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INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY REPORT ON PATENTABILITY

International application No. PCT/CZ2004/000049

Box No. V Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement

1. Statement

Novelty (N)

Yes: Claims

1-11,16

No: Claims

12-15

Inventive step (IS)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

1-16 1-16

Industrial applicability (IA)

Yes: Claims

No: Claims

2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7):

see separate sheet

Box No. VIII Certain observations on the international application

The following observations on the clarity of the claims, description, and drawings or on the question whether the claims are fully supported by the description, are made:

see separate sheet

Form PCT/IPEA/409 (January 2004)

D1= US-A-2 144 612

D2= WO-A-02/50014

D3= JP-A-03 056 430

D4= EP-A-0 781 760

D5= US-A-6 072 076

D6= US-A-2 198 600

SECTION V

- 1. The present application relates to a process for producing 1,3-dichloro-2-propanol and 2,3-dichloro-1-propanol by hydrochlorination of glycerine and/or monochloro-propanediols.
- The amendments filed with the letter dated 25.06.2005 introduce subject-matter 2. which extends beyond the content of the application as filed, contrary to Article 34(2)(b) PCT. The amendments concerned are the features "vertical cylinder" and "in which there is located a vacuum distillation column downstream of the reactor" of claim 12, "vacuum distillation device" and "located downstream the vacuum distillation column" of claim 13 and "vacuum distillation devices located down-stream the individual steps of the cascade" of claim 14, said features originating from Examples 1-4. However, the apparatuses used in Examples 1-4 include further constructional elements which has been omitted from present claims 12-16. For instance, the apparatus of Examples 1, 3 and 4 uses a disperging device (cf. page 6. line 4, page 7, line 12 and page 8, line 6), a pump (cf. page 6, line 7, page 7, line 15 and page 8, line 12), an evaporator (cf. page 6, line 10, page 7, line 18 and page 8, line 14) and a tank (cf. page 6, line 14, page 7, line 22 and page 8, line 18). The cascade according to Example 2 consists of three reactors (cf. page 6, line 19). wherein the first member of the cascade is a tower reactor of the liquid-gas type (cf. page 6, line 22). It also includes a disperging device (cf. page 6, line 23) and a tank (cf. page 6, line 25). Such generalisation of the spe-cific examples by selecting certain particular features therefrom and incorporating them into broadly defined claims represents an unacceptable extension of the application as originally filed.

For the purpose of the following examination, the aforementioned inadmissible

amendments of claims 12-14 are not taken into account.

- 3. The process according to present claims 1-11 is novel over the methods known from D1 and D6 by using a solvent-free reaction medium and a distillation under reduced pressure respectively. Thus, the subject-matter of claims 1-11 meets the requirements of Article 33(2) PCT.
- 4. For claims directed to physical entities such as apparatuses, characteristics of a particular intended use cannot be considered as technical features in determining novelty (cf. PCT Guidelines IV-7.6.). Thus, the expressions "for carrying out the method of any claims 1-9" and "for continuous returning as a distillate" used in claim 12, "for continuous returning as distillate" of claim 13, and "for carrying out the method of claims 10 or 11" and "for distilling off the water of reaction and a part of the dichloropropanol product" of claim 14 have no limiting effect on the claim's scope. The apparatuses according to present claims 12-15 are well known from the art (cf. D2, page 7, lines 1-28, Fig. 1; D3, Figures 1 and 2; D4, page 8, lines 1-26, Fig. 1; D5, column 5, lines 4-42, Fig. 1).
 - Accordingly, the subject-matter of claim 12-15 lacks novelty, thereby not meeting the requirements of Article 33(2) PCT.
- 5. The apparatus of claim 16 appears to be novel and satisfies therefore the requirements of Article 33(2) PCT.
- 6. Documents D1 and D6 cited in the description on page 2, line 25 and page 3, line 1 are considered to represent the closest state of the art. D1 discloses a continu-ous process for the production of glycerol dichlorohydrin which differs from the claimed method in that the reaction is performed in the presence of an inert, wa-ter-immiscible solvent in order to continuously distill out the reaction water (cf D1, page 1, left-hand column, line 48 right-hand column, line 35, Examples 1-6), and in that the distillation is carried out under atmospheric pressure instead of at redu-ced pressure. Although the practical examples of D1 are focused on the manufac-ture of glycerol dichlorohydrin as a batch process under atmospheric pressure, the document contains unequivocal statements that the reaction may be carried out

under subatmospheric (reduced) pressure (cf. D1, page 3, left-hand column, lines 60-65) and in a continuous manner (cf. D1, page 3, right-hand column, lines 25-48). It is self-evident that the aforementioned continuous distillative removal of the reaction water, an essential feature of the process according to D1, will be maintained in such a continuous mode of operation. The distinction between the claimed process and that of D6 resides in the fact that this document does not mention the possibility of working continuously and distillling at reduced pressure.

7. The problem to be solved by the present application with respect to the cited prior art is to provide a further process for the manufacture of the dichloropropanols 1,3dichloro-2-propanol and 2,3-dichloro-1-propanol. In view of the background art disclosed in D1 and D6 (cf. D1, page 1, left-hand column, lines 19-29, D6, page 1. left-hand column, lines 17-42) as well as the invention according to D6 (cf. D6. Example 1), it would be obvious for the skilled person to continuously react glycerol with hydrogen chloride in a solvent-free reaction medium and distilling out the water of the reaction, thereby continuously producing a mixture of the dichlo-ropropanol product, water, acetic acid catalyst and hydrogen chloride. Taking into account D1 and common general knowledge, one skilled in the art would also contemplate carrying out the distillation at reduced presure, especially as the ad-vantages thus achieved such as lower distillation temperatures and more effective removal of the reaction water can readily by foreseen. Indeed, the claimed pro-cess does not appear to be associated with any unexpected advantages or surpri-sing effects when compared to the state of the art. According to Example 3 of D1, dichloropropanol is isolated as a pure product with a yield of 91%. In contrast, a mixture of the dichloropropanol product, water and hydrogen chloride is produced by the process of Example 1 of the present invention, the calculated yield of 1,3-dichloro-2-propanol and 2,3-dichloro-1-propanol being 95.6%. As disclosed in D1 and D6. dichloropropanol is not conveniently obtainable from these solutions and it is impossible to separate more than a portion thereof by distillation. The only effective methods for producing pure dichloropropanol require that solvent be used, either directly in the reaction mixture (cf. D1) or for extracting the dichloro-propanol product from the distillate (cf. D6). The applicant has failed to provide evidence (comparative experiments) indicating that the claimed process is more effective in terms of yield or other relevant parameters than the method of the art.

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For this reason, the subject-matter of claim 1 does not meet the requirements of Article 33(3) PCT.

8. Claims 2-11 and 16 do not appear to contain any features which, in combination with the features of any claim to which they may refer, meet the requirements of the PCT in respect of inventive step. The apparatus of claim 16 can only be acce-pted if the process using this cascade for the production of dichloropropanol is deemed allowable.

SECTION VIII

- 1. The expressions "etc." (cf. page 4, line 22) and "and the like" (cf. page 5, lines 6, 8 and 18) render the scope of the application unclear (Art. 6 PCT).
- 2. It would appear that the experiment described in Example 2 does not represent a continuous process (cf. page 6, lines 25-28). Thus, the example extends beyond the scope of claim 1 and should have been denoted as an example not falling within the scope of the invention (Art. 6 PCT).